

Instructoins:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Answers must be complete and to the point
- (iii) Marks of each question are indicated against it.
- (Iv) Internal choices are given in some of the questions.

SECTION - A

(Reading)

1 Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it:

Edmunde Burke called the press the Fourth Estate of the realm. I think he did not use this title for the Press thoughtlessly as social ruling group or class The three Estates or Realms title for the Press thoughtlessly as social ruling group or class The three Estates or Realms in England Lorda Spiritual (i.e., the Bishops in the House of Lorda), the temporal, (i.e. in England Lords) and (Commons, i. E., the common people). The Press has been rightly called Other Lords) and (Commons, i. E., the common people). The Press has been rightly called the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the Fourth Estate as, it also constitute a ruling group or class likes the Lords and Common the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in the It cannot be densed in a free country that the Press has been realmy.

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SUPPLEMENT P.T.O.

remained unnoticed. The power is not limited or put under any check. The Press, instead of, being controlled by anyone controls life and thought of a nation. Hence the Press constitutes an Estate by itself. In a country

Obviously . Thus power which the Press in an country wields depends upon the number of newspaper readers. The opinions. And comments of newspapers can influence the life of a nation only when they are read, by people. Reading in turn, requires that the general mass of people should be educated. Thus, the spread of education determines the extent of the newspapers. Where readers are few; newspapers must necessarily be few. Their influence, in that case can extend only to a small minority of population. In a country like India, the percentage of literacy is very low and the standard of journalism is not very high. So Press has play the role of a teacher here.

QUESTIONS:

- 1. Edmunde Burke called the Press
- A) Instrument of Public Opinion
- B) Distributor of News

- C) The Fourth Estate
- D) Lord Temporal
- 2. The term Fourth Estate stands for
- A) An area of land

- B) Landed property.
- C) Social ruling group or class
- D) Instrument of power
- 3. Out of the following the one which is not included in the Three Estates is
- A) Lords Spiritual

B) Justices of Peace

C) Lord Temporal

- D) Commons
- 4. The Free Press does not perform the function of
- A) Shaping public opinion
- B) Supporting at all times the official policy
- C) Criticizing government
- D) Exposing social abuses
- 5. How much power does a Free Press possess?
- A) Only that much power which is allowed by the government of the country
- B) Unlimited power without any check
- C) Unlimited power subject to the maintenance of law and order and public morality
- D) No power at all
- 6. The secret of the Press is
- A) the money which the newspaper owners can wield
- B) The number of newspaper readers
- C) the extent to which it supports official policy
- D) The patronage enjoyed by it of the government
- 7. The number of newspaper readers is determined by
- A) The low price of newspapers
- B) The patronage extended to it by the moneyed people
- C) Education of the general mass of people
- D) The availability of newsprint
- 8. The Press exercises power by

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- 8. The Press exercises power by
- A) Enlisting the support of the people
- B) Keeping watch over the acts of the government
- C) Controlling life and thought of a nation
- D) Because it is a great moneyed concern
- 9. The state of journalism in India
- A) is up to the mark
- B) is rather low
- C) is in its infancy
- D) is not very high
- 10. The Press has the greatest chances of flourishing in a
- A) Monarchy
- B) Anstocracy
- C) Democracy
- D) Limited Dictatorship
- 2 Read the following passage carefully and make notes on it, also give a suitable title.

"Relay kidnapping' is the new 'industry' in Chambal valley. With rural daeoity going our of vogue, the multi - crore kidnapping industry has turned towards urban residents and high - profile commuters on national highways.

Earlier, dacoits kidnapped people from villages located in the region. Now they buy hostages from Delhi and Bihar gangs. A gang gets around Rs. 20,000 for handing over the hostage to the dacoits, who negotiate with the hostage's family for a higher price. Between the hit team and the dacoits there are small—nown gangs who act as conduits for inbound and outbound hostages.

The 37,000 sq km Gwalioe — Chambal belt has long been a kidnapper's haven, thanks to its inaccessible ravines and inter — state borders. The anti — dacoity operations launched in 1960 have resulted in 4,000 handits being arrested, 2,000 being killed and an equal number's surrender. But the bandit — the police — politician nexus promotes and arrival of fresh recruits and strengthening of existing gaogs. Fakkad Bahs in a case in point. After evading arrest for 27 years, he successfully negonated and surrendered in Madhya Pradesh, thus escaping 200 cases against him in Urtar Pradesh.

SECTION - B

3 You are Shantanu, residing at Ghar B-94, Balimela Road, Malkangin. You come across the following classified advertisement in a local daily. Write a letter, in about 50 – 75 words, applying for the position of a volunteer for the Each One Teach One campaign.

OR





Edmunde Burke called the press the Fourth Estate of the realm. I think he did not use this title for the Press thoughtlessly as social ruling group or class. The three Estates or Realms (in England) Lords Spiritual (i.e., the Bishops in the House of Lords), the 'temporal, (i.e. other Lords) and Commons, i.e., the common people. The Press has been rightly called the Fourth Estate as it also constitutes a ruling group or class like the Lords and Commons. It cannot be denied in a free country that the Press exercises good deal of influence in shaping public opinion and pointing out the weaknesses or defects of society or of government and 'in general bringing to light all those good or bad things in society which would have otherwise remained unnoticed. The power is not limited or put under any check. The Press, instead of, being controlled by anyone controls life and thought of a nation. Hence, the Press constitutes an Estate by itself.

Obviously, thus power which the Press in a country wields depends upon the number of newspaper readers. The opinions and comments of newspapers can influence. The life of a nation only when they are read, by People. Reading in turn, requires that the general mass of people should be educated. Thus, the spread of education determines the extent of the newspapers. Where readers are few; newspapers must necessarily be few. Their influence, in that case can extend only to a small minority of population. In a country like India, the percentage of literacy is very low and the standard of journalism is not very high. So, Press has to play the role of a teacher here.

- Q1. Edmunde Burke called the Press
- (a) instrument of Public Opinion
- (b) distributor of news
- (c) the Fourth Estate
- (d) lord Temporal
- O2. The term Fourth Estate stands for

(a) an area of land (b) landed Property (c) social ruling group or class (d) instrument of Power Q3. Out of the following the one which is not included in the Three Estates is (a) Lords Spiritual (b) Justices of Peace (c) Lord Temporal (d) Commons Q4. The Free press does not perform the function of (a) shaping public opinion (b) supporting at all times the official policy (c) criticising government (d) exposing social abuses Q5. How much power does a Free Press possess? (a) Only that much power which is allowed by the government of the country (b) Unlimited power without any check (c) Unlimited power subject to the maintenance of law and order and public morality (d) No power at all Q6. The secret of the Press is (a) the money which the newspaper owners can wield

- (b) the number of newspaper readers
- (c) the extent to which it supports official policy
- (d) the patronage enjoyed by it of the government
- Q7. The number of newspaper readers is determined by
- (a) the low price of newspapers
- (b) the patronage extended to it by the moneyed people
- (c) education of the general mass of people
- (d) the availability of newsprint
- Q8. The Press exercises power by
- (a) enlisting the support of the people
- (b) keeping watch over the acts of the government
- (c) controlling life and thought of a nation
- (d) because it is a great moneyed concern
- Q9. The state of journalism in India
- (a) is upto the mark
- (b) is rather low
- (c) is in its infancy
- (d) is not very high
- Q10. When reading, to 'decode' means to
- (a) recognize words to understand their meanings
- (b) replace long words with symbols
- (c) make notes

(d) read superficially for the general meaning **Solutions** S1. Ans.(c) Sol. S2. Ans.(c) Sol. S3. Ans.(b) Sol. S4. Ans.(b) Sol. S5. Ans.(c) Sol. S6. Ans.(b) Sol. S7. Ans.(c) Sol. S8. Ans.(c) Sol.

S9. Ans.(d)

Sol.

S10. Ans.(d)

Sol.

3 You are Shantanu, residing at Ghar B-94, Balimela Road, Malkangiri. You come across the following classified advertisement in a local daily. Write a letter, in about 50 - 75 words, applying for the position of a volunteer for the Each One Teach One campaign.

OR

The efforts of 400 volunteers working with the NGO, 4Literacy, in the district of Malkangiri, Odisha, was lauded by the District Collector, Shri V. Singh (IAS). As a staff the reporter of 'The Odisha Bhaskar', write a report about this in 50 - 75 words covering all the details of the event, such as training, teaching and infrastructure involved in the 'Each One Teach One' campaign, initiated by the district administration in association with the NGO.

 You are Nand kumar, a resident of hamir gang, Sultanpur. Write a letter to the collector of your district, telling him about nuisance of loudspeakers in your area.

OR

You are Rakesh Mishra. Write a letter to your friend Manish inviting him to attend your younger brother's birthday party.

- 5. Write an article on any one of the following topics in about 200 words.
 - a. Importance of Games and sports.
 - b. Science in our daily life.
 - c. Corona A Pandemic.
 - d. The Digital India Movement.

SECTION - C

- 6. Fill in the blanks choosing the correct answer from the given options (any five)
 - L. His brother is ______M.L.A. (a, an, the)
 - 2. Mr. David is a rich person ______not happy (but/and)
 - 3. Anil is sitting ____kapil and Ajay (between/among)
 - 4. He did not buy ___apple. (some/any)
 - 5. Children to play on the sand (loves/love)
 - 6. You ____not talk in the library. (can/will)
 - 7. Do as directed (any five):

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not on Y12